VIB: Design and Remedial Measures

Number of participants: 36

What are the different approaches presented in the video to reduce vibration levels in structures ?

INDUCE COUNTER VIBRATION REDESIGN DAMPING TUNING RESONANCE CORNERS FREQUENCIES **VIBRATIONS RESONANT CHANGE** LOW BAND TIME RESHAPE AVOID REDESIGN LOW SYSTEM **BAND USE** DESIGN CUT CONTROL HOLES ADD DAMPING RANGE STIFFNESS CHOOSE **ADDING TUNING LOW/ HIGH TUNING** EXCITABLE ABSORVE STIFFEN EDIT MASS BALANCE MORE AERODINAMIC SHAPE

Correct answers
high tuning
low tuning
reshaping
adding damping
tuned vibration absorber
vibration isolation

2. The FRF represented in the figure corresponds to a structure which has been designed with

9 correct answers out of 18 respondents





From the point of view of performance, which of3. these two solutions (high and low tuning) is best, and why ?

0 correct answer out of 15 respondents



Low

Low tuning, less material/stiffness

High tuning. Resonant frequency is not reached

High tuning

Low tuning as it will have less eneegy of vibration

Low tuning because of lower frequencies

High tuning

Low

Low tunning. Less amplitude

Low tuning, the effect of the forces are lower

Low tuning: The amplitude of vibration is lower after resonance

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Low tuning

Wooclap

Low tuning

Low tuning

Low tuning because the response is lower

Correct answer

With low tuning, X/X0 is always smaller than 1, while for high tuning it is always higher, so the performance is better with low tuning.

If high or low-tuning cannot be achieved on a 4. structure, what are the alternatives to lower the level of vibrations ?

Add damping
TMD
Tmd
Add damping
Tuned mass dampers
Add damping
Damper
Filters
Damping
Increase or decrease the natural frequency of the structure
TMD
TMD
Isolation
Add damping
TMD
dampers
Correct answer

Wooclap



29%

high or low tuning

5 votes